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Customer Satisfaction Index of Singapore 2017: Full Year Overview

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CUSTOMER
SATISFACTION INDEX
OF SINGAPORE 2017

FULL YEAR RESULTS OVERVIEW

Q4 FINDINGS FOR FINANCE & INSURANCE AND HEALTHCARE





CSISG 2017 FULL YEAR AND FOURTH QUARTER OVERVIEW

The Customer Satisfaction Index of Singapore (CSISG) computes customer satisfaction scores at the national, sector, sub-sector, and company levels. The CSISG serves as a quantitative benchmark of the quality of goods and services produced by the Singapore economy over time and across countries. The fourth quarter results mark the end of measurement for CSISG 2017. Singapore's 2017 national score was computed using the data collected during these four quarters.

FULL YEAR RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS

The 2017 CSISG national score stands at 72.9 points (on a 0 to 100 scale), a statistically significant improvement against the 2016 CSISG national score of 71.8 points.

Of the eight industry sectors that the CSISG measured in 2017, six sectors saw significantly improved CSISG scores year-on-year. These were, in order of performance, Tourism, Finance & Insurance, Healthcare, Food & Beverage, Info-communications, and Land Transport. The Retail sector did not record a substantial change in satisfaction while the Air Transport sector recorded a lower CSISG score year-on-year. These sectoral performances are illustrated in Figure 1.

2016	2017	Sector		
75.5	74.4	Air Transport		
71.1	74.2	Tourism		
72.4	73.4	Finance & Insurance		
71.8	72.9	National Score		
71.7	72.1	Retail		
71.0	71.8	Healthcare		
70.1	71.7	Food & Beverage		
68.5	69.6	Info-communications		
66.8	67.8	Land Transport		
		 ▲ Significant improvement ■ Statistically unchanged ▼ Significant decline 		

Figure 1: CSISG Sectors' performance, arranged in descending order of 2017 scores.

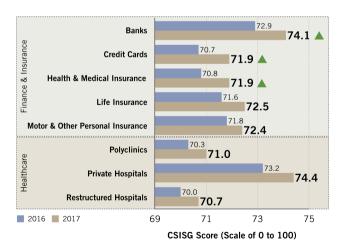
FOURTH QUARTER RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS

The two measured sectors in Q4, namely Finance & Insurance and Healthcare, improved significantly over the previous year. Each sub-sector's performance is illustrated in Figure 2.

The Finance & Insurance sector scored 73.4 points (+1.05 points/+1.5%), a significant improvement from 2016. The sector is made up of five sub-sectors including Banks, Credit Cards as well as Life Insurance, Health & Medical Insurance, and Motor & Other Personal Insurance. Among these sub-sectors, Banks, Credit Cards, and Health & Medical Insurance registered statistically significant improvements in customer satisfaction while Life Insurance and Motor & Other Personal Insurance did not see changes in customer satisfaction scores from the year before.

The Healthcare sector scored 71.8 points, up 0.85 points (+1.2%) from its 2016 score of 71.0 points; the increase is considered statistically significant. Within the Healthcare sector, minor upticks in customer satisfaction scores were observed across the Private Hospitals, Polyclinics and Restructured Hospitals sub-sectors, although these changes were not considered statistically significant.

Figure 2: Finance & Insurance and Healthcare subsectors' year-on-year performance. A green marker represents a significantly better performance over the previous year.



FOURTH QUARTER KEY FINDINGS

Bank customers that use digital banking more satisfied and loyal

The majority of Bank customers have used digital platforms to interact with their banks. In the latest CSISG study, 67.3% of all Bank sub-sector respondents indicated they had recently interacted with their bank through the internet banking service or the mobile app.

Segmenting these respondents with those that have not recently used any of these digital touchpoints, it was observed that respondents that used digital banking platforms had significantly higher customer satisfaction (74.9 vs 72.7) and loyalty (71.8 vs 69.7) scores. This is illustrated in Figure 3. On average, these digital-savvy customers also held more products types with the Bank.

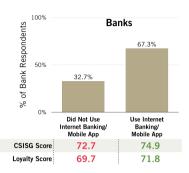


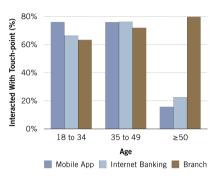
Figure 3: Bank respondents segmented by those that used/did not use internet banking or the mobile app.

This observation suggests the Banks' digitalisation push over the past several years is associated with higher satisfaction and loyalty.

Majority of Millennials (i.e., 18 to 34 year olds) still visiting bank branches

Analysis of bank customers' touchpoint usage by age groups show 63.2% of millennials, i.e., customers in the age group of 18 to 34 years old, have recently visited a bank branch, suggesting that this traditional physical touchpoint continues to be a meaningful feature of millennial customers' banking experience. This is illustrated in Figure 4.

Figure 4: Proportions of Bank respondents' interactions with mobile app, internet banking, and branches, segmented by age groups.



Banks should view this as an opportunity to engage this group of customers to deepen their relationship, particularly with product and service offerings that may be more complex or unsuitable for delivery over digital channels.

Satisfaction with Insurers' Contact Centres significantly poorer than other touchpoints

In both the Life Insurance and Health & Medical Insurance sub-sectors, satisfaction with the Contact Centre touchpoint was significantly poorer than the other measured touchpoints, i.e., the Customer Service Centre, Website, and Financial Advisor/Sales Representative. This is illustrated in Figure 5.

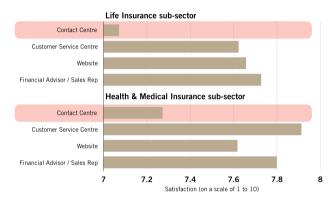


Figure 5: Life and Health & Medical Insurance subsectors' touchpoint satisfaction ratings.

Furthermore, insurance customers that had recently interacted with the contact centre were observed to have significantly lower CSISG and Loyalty scores, compared to customers that had not interacted with the contact centre.

Text analysis of comments from respondents with a low satisfaction rating for contact centres suggest issues were arising from contact centre staff competency and professionalism.

Waiting Time a key driver of satisfaction for the Healthcare sector

Similar to the previous year, Waiting Time in the Healthcare sector continued to be closely linked with CSISG performance; the longer the perceived wait time, the lower the CSISG score.

Unfortunately, the Waiting Time attribute continued to perform poorly relative to the other attributes.

Additional analysis of unsurfaced grievances, i.e., respondents that did not complain because they felt there was no point or too difficult to complain, through verbatim comments also revealed waiting time as a recurring theme. A word cloud illustrates this in Figure 6.



Figure 6: Word cloud of Healthcare sector verbatim comments, from respondents that did not complain because they felt there was no point or too difficult.

CSISG BACKGROUND

CSISG scores are generated based on the econometric modelling of survey data collected from end-users after the consumption of products and services.

Company scores are weighted based on a separate incidence study. This incidence study helps determine each company's sample profile and the local-tourist weights. Sub-sector scores are derived as a weighted average of company scores, in proportion to the local and tourist incidence interactions with the constituent companies. Sector scores are derived by aggregating the sub-sector scores proportionately to each sub-sector's revenue contributions. Finally, the national score is weighted according to each sector's contribution to GDP. CSISG scores customer satisfaction on a scale of 0 to 100 with higher scores representing better performance.

Under a quarterly measure-and-release system, distinct sectors are measured each quarter with their results released the following quarter. Companies in the Retail and Info-Communications sectors were measured in the first quarter, Air Transport and Land Transport in the second quarter, Food & Beverage and Tourism sectors in the third quarter, and finally the companies of Finance & Insurance and Healthcare sectors, in the fourth quarter.

CSISG 2017 Q4 marks the end of measurement for 2017. The CSISG 2017 national score was computed using the data collected during these four quarters.

The Finance & Insurance sector comprises of the Banks sub-sector, Credit Cards sub-sector, Health & Medical Insurance sub-sector, Motor & Other Personal Insurance sub-sector, and Life Insurance sub-sector. The Healthcare sector consists of the Private Hospitals sub-sector, Restructured Hospitals sub-sector, and Polyclinics sub-sector.

CSISG 2017 FIELDWORK

Survey data for the Finance & Insurance and Healthcare sectors was collected between October 2017 and January 2018. This was primarily conducted through face-to-face interviews with Singapore residents at their homes. The survey was also conducted with departing tourists at Changi Airport.

The Q4 fieldwork garnered 9,235 interviews with locals and 350 with departing tourists at the airport. In total, there were 9,585 unique responses covering 83 companies and entities in the Finance & Insurance and Healthcare sectors; 49 entities have published scores.

In 2017, a total of 30,135 unique responses were recorded. This comprised of 22,640 face-to-face interviews with Singapore residents and 7,495 interviews with tourists at Changi Airport. In all, the study covered 650 companies and entities, with 174 entities having published scores.



2017 NATIONAL SCORE

··· 72.9

74.4 Air Transport **77.1** Airport* 77.1 Changi Airport •••• 74.2 Full Service Airlines 77.5 Singapore Airlines* ■ 76.1 Garuda Indonesia* **75.1** Emirates 74.2 Cathay Pacific **73.6** Qantas •--- **72.8** SilkAir •••• 71.5 Other full service airlines 71.2 Budget Airlines 72.0 Jetstar Asia **71.8** Scoot 71.6 AirAsia **70.4** Tiger **70.8** Other budget airlines

~~~ 74.2 Tourism **→ 74.4 Hotels** Luxury & Upscale Hotels •• **75.1** The Ritz-Carlton 74.6 Marina Bay Sands •• 74.2 Grand Hyatt • 73.7 Hotel Michael ► 72.8 Shangri-La 72.2 Mandarin Orchard **→ 72.1** Marina Mandarin **Economy Hotels** 70.6 Fragrance Hotel •• **69.5** Hotel 81 74.9 Other hotels 73.3 Attractions 74.9 Sentosa **74.5** Singapore Zoo 73.9 Jurong Bird Park 73.4 S.E.A. Aquarium • 73.2 Singapore Flyer •• 73.2 Gardens By The Bay 72.8 River Safari 71.9 Universal Studios 71.8 Adventure Cove 71.1 Night Safari

→ 70.4 Singapore Discovery Centre

71.2 Other attractions

****	73.4 Finance & Insurance			Credit Cards
				American Express
	74.1 Banks			Citibank
****	74.5 DBS	0-0	72.3	DBS
100	73.9 Citibank			Maybank
	73.8 OCBC	0-0	72.0	UOB
	73.6 Maybank	0-0	71.5	OCBC
	73.1 Standard Chartered	0-0	71.4	HSBC
	72.8 HSBC		70.6	Other credit cards
	72.4 UOB			
	72.0 Other banks		71.9	Health & Medical Insura
•	· i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			Prudential
A	72.5 Life Insurance	****	72.2	AIA
	74.4 Great Eastern	****	72.1	NTUC Income
	73.1 AIA	***	71.1	Great Eastern
	72.4 NTUC Income		71.7	Other health & medical
-	72.0 Prudential			
	70.1 Aviva		72.1	Retail
	71.1 Other life insurers			
•		0	72 5	Fashion Apparels
	72.4 Motor & Other Personal Insurance		75.5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	73.1 NTUC Income			Adidas
****	73.0 AXA			
****	73.0 AIG			Bossini
	71.8 Other motor & personal insurers			G2000
				Uniqlo
				Esprit
				Cotton On
		•••	71.7	Giordano
		0.0	71.2	Hang Ten
		0-0	71.1	H&M
		0-0	72.7	Other fashion apparels

71.9	Credit Cards		72.4	Supermarkets
72.8	American Express			NTUC Fairprice
72.4	Citibank			Sheng Siong
72.3	DBS			
		****	70.0	Other supermarkets
				·
		••	71.4	e-Commerce
70.6	Other credit cards	0-0	73.7	Zalora*
		0-0	73.1	Groupon
		••	71.7	Taobao/Tmall
			71.5	Qoo10
		0-0	71.4	Carousell
		0-0	70.0	Amazon
, 1.,	Other health & medical madrers	•	69.2	Other e-Commerce
72.1	Retail			
/ 2. 1	Notali	4000	71.2	Department Stores
72 5	Fachion Annarels	3000	73.6	DFS*
		****	72.1	Takashimaya
		****	72.1	Robinsons
	7141446	2000	71.7	Metro
		2000	70.1	Tangs
		****	70.3	Other department stores
	72.8 72.4 72.3 72.0 72.0 71.5 71.4 70.6 71.9 72.2 72.1 71.1 71.7 72.1 72.5 73.6 73.6 72.9 72.2 72.2 73.9 72.1 71.7	71.9 Credit Cards 72.8 American Express 72.4 Citibank 72.3 DBS 72.0 Maybank 72.0 UOB 71.5 OCBC 71.4 HSBC 70.6 Other credit cards 71.9 Health & Medical Insurance 72.2 Prudential 72.2 AIA 72.1 NTUC Income 71.1 Great Eastern 71.7 Other health & medical insurers 72.1 Retail 72.5 Fashion Apparels 75.5 Zara 73.6 Adidas 73.2 Bossini 72.9 G2000 72.4 Uniqlo 72.1 Esprit 71.9 Cotton On 71.7 Giordano	72.8 American Express 72.4 Citibank 72.3 DBS 72.0 Maybank 72.0 UOB 71.5 OCBC 71.4 HSBC 70.6 Other credit cards 71.9 Health & Medical Insurance 72.2 Prudential 72.2 AIA 72.1 NTUC Income 71.1 Great Eastern 71.7 Other health & medical insurers 72.1 Retail 72.5 Fashion Apparels 73.6 Adidas 73.2 Bossini 72.9 G2000 72.4 Uniqlo 72.1 Esprit 71.9 Cotton On	72.8 American Express 72.4 Citibank 72.3 DBS 72.0 Maybank 72.0 UOB 71.5 OCBC 71.4 HSBC 70.6 Other credit cards 71.9 Health & Medical Insurance 72.2 Prudential 72.1 NTUC Income 71.1 Great Eastern 71.7 Other health & medical insurers 72.1 Retail 72.5 Fashion Apparels 73.6 Adidas 73.7 Adidas 73.8 Bossini 72.9 G2000 72.4 Uniqlo 72.1 Esprit 70.1 Sprit 70.1 G92 70.3 G92 70.1 Esprit 70.1 G92 70.3 G92 70.1 G92 70.1 G92 70.1 G92 70.1 G92



2017 NATIONAL SCORE

··· 72.9

•••• 71.8 Healthcare •••• 69.6 Info-Communications 67.8 Land Transport 71.7 Food & Beverage 71.5 Restaurants 73.5 Thai Express 70.3 Wireless@SG 71.8 Taxi Services* → 73.5 Boon Tong Kee •••• 74.4 Private Hospitals* 73.6 Snack Bars & Food Kiosks* 73.4 Transcab 75.4 Mount Alvernia **73.4** Astons • 72.6 Old Chang Kee → 70.2 Mobile Telecom 73.3 Premier 73.0 Din Tai Fung •••• 74.7 Mount Elizabeth Orchard • 71.0 Jollibean 73.0 Singtel* **71.8** SMRT •• 72.7 Sushi Tei •••• **74.6** Raffles 74.2 Other snack bars & food kiosks 69.2 StarHub 71.4 ComfortDelGro 72.6 Jack's Place 74.2 Gleneagles •••• **66.6** M1 ____ 69.3 Prime 72.6 Crystal Jade Kitchen 74.2 Parkway East • 71.9 Cafes & Coffee Houses 73.9 Mount Elizabeth Novena 73.2 Starbucks → 72.3 Aiisen Ramen •••• 68.2 Broadband **↔** 69.3 Transport Booking Apps* •••• **68.2** StarHub - 72.3 Nando's 73.7 Thomson Medical → 70.3 Toast Box •• 70.4 Uber **68.2** M1 72.0 TungLok Signatures •• **70.2** Ya Kun •• 69.5 Grab •••• **68.0** Singtel 72.2 Other cafes & coffee houses **→ 72.0** Swensen's 71.0 Polyclinics **⊷ 68.3** ComfortDelGro 71.4 Imperial Treasure Noodle & Congee • 72.2 NUP •• 67.5 Other transport booking apps ••• 67.4 PavTV •••• 71.7 Fast Food Restaurants → 71.4 Seoul Garden • 70.8 SingHealth •••• 67.6 StarHub **72.9** Burger King → 71.2 Sakae Sushi • 70.4 NHG 64.9 Public Buses ••• **66.9** Singtel 72.7 McDonalds •• **71.1** Fish & Co 66.6 SMRT 71.6 Mos Burger •••• 70.7 Restructured Hospitals •• 71.1 Pizza Hut 64.0 SBS Transit 71.8 KK Women's & Children's **→ 70.7** Subway → 70.6 Crystal Jade La Mian Xiao Long Bao 64.8 Mass Rapid Transit System 71.5 Changi General •••• **70.4** KFC •• 70.6 Manhattan Fish Market 65.1 SBS Transit 71.4 Khoo Teck Puat 70.3 Other fast food restaurants •• 69.9 Dian Xiao Er **64.6** SMRT 71.0 National University •• 69.6 Xin Wang Hong Kong Cafe **70.8** Ng Teng Fong 70.9 Other restaurants 70.7 Tan Tock Seng

This scorecard summarises the results of the CSISG 2017 satisfaction scores at the national, sector, sub-sector and company levels.

70.3 Alexandra68.6 Singapore General

CSISG scores are generated based on the econometric modelling of survey data collected from end-users after the consumption of products and services. Company scores (in black) are weighted based on a separate incidence study. This incidence study helps determine each company's sample profile and the local-tourist weights. Sub-sector scores (in blue) are derived as a weighted average of company scores, in proportion to the local and tourist incidence interactions with the constituent companies. Sector scores (in gold) are derived by aggregating the sub-sector scores proportionately to each sub-sector's revenue contributions.

Finally, the national index of 72.9 represents a weighted average, by each sector's contribution to GDP, of the 8 sector scores.

All scores displayed are accurate to one-decimal place. Entities are presented in decreasing levels of satisfaction.

- * Companies indicated with an asterisk(*) are companies that have performed significantly above their sub-sector average.
- * Sub-sectors indicated with an asterisk(*) are sub-sectors that have performed significantly above their sector average.

The sparklines indicate the satisfaction score of their respective sectors, sub-sectors and companies over the past few years.



no significant year-on-year change in customer satisfaction score



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